## Assignment-2

18<sup>th</sup> Feb 2024

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[8]: # Input the number of students
N = int(input("Enter the number of students: "))
# Initialize an empty list to store student names and grades
students = \Pi
# Input student names and grades
for i in range(N):
    name = input("Enter the name of student: ")
    grade = float(input("Enter the grade of student: "))
    students.append([name, grade])
# Sort students based on grades
students_sort(key=lambda x: x[1])
# Find the second lowest grade
second_lowest_grade = None
for i in range(1, N):
    if students[i][1] > students[0][1]:
        second_lowest_grade = students[i][1]
        break
# Find students with the second lowest grade
second_lowest_students = [student[0] for student in students if student[1] ==_
 second_lowest_grade]
# Sort the names alphabetically
second_lowest_students.sort()
# Print the names
for name in second_lowest_students:
    print(name)
```

Enter the number of students: 3 Enter the name of student: sai Enter the grade of student: 20 Enter the name of student: madhu Enter the grade of student: 21 Enter the name of student: shiva Enter the grade of student: 22 madhu

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[17]: def two_sum(nums, target):
     # Create a dictionary to store the indices of elements
     num_indices = {}
     # Iterate through the array
     for i, num in enumerate(nums):
         # Calculate the complement needed to reach the target
         complement = target - num
         # Check if the complement exists in the dictionary
         if complement in num_indices:
             # Return the indices of the current element and its complement
             return [num_indices[complement], i]
         # Store the index of the current element in the dictionary
         num_indices[num] = i
 # Example usage:
 \#nums = [2, 7, 11, 15]
 \#target = 9
 #print(two_sum(nums, target)) # Output: [0, 1]
```

[19]: two\_sum([2,7,11,15],9)

[19]: [0, 1]