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import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

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In [4]: # Read the CSV file
df = pd.read_csv("C:\\Users\\srini\\Desktop\\DataSet\\2020.csv")

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In [5]: # Set display precision
pd.set_option("display.precision", 2)

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In [6]: # Display the first 3 rows
print(df.head(3))

Country name Regional indicator Ladder score \
0 Finland Western Europe 7.81
1 Denmark Western Europe 7.65
2 Switzerland Western Europe 7.56

Standard error of ladder score upperwhisker lowerwhisker \
0 0.83 7.87 7.76
1 0.63 7.71 7.58
2 0.84 7.63 7.49

Logged GDP per capita Social support Healthy life expectancy \
0 10.64 0.95 71.9
1 10.77 0.96 72.4
2 10.98 0.94 74.1

Freedom to make life choices Generosity Perceptions of corruption \
0 0.95 -0.06 0.28
1 0.95 0.07 0.17
2 0.92 0.11 0.30

Ladder score in Dystopia Explained by: Log GDP per capita \
0 1.97 1.29
1 1.97 1.33
2 1.97 1.39

Explained by: Social support Explained by: Healthy life expectancy \
0 1.50 0.98
1 1.50 0.98
2 1.47 1.04

Explained by: Freedom to make life choices Explained by: Generosity \
0 0.66 0.16
1 0.67 0.24
2 0.63 0.27

Explained by: Perceptions of corruption Dystopia + residual \
0 0.50 2.43
1 0.50 2.43
2 0.41 2.35

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In [7]: # Find the maximum value of 'Ladder score' and corresponding entry
max_ladder_score = np.max(df["Ladder score"])
max_ladder_score_entry = df.iloc[df["Ladder score"].argmax()]
print("Maximum ladder score: {}".format(max_ladder_score))
print("Corresponding entry:")
print(max_ladder_score_entry)

Maximum ladder score: 7.808700885
Corresponding entry:
Country name Finland
Regional indicator Western Europe
Ladder score 7.81
Standard error of ladder score 0.83
upperwhisker 7.87
lowerwhisker 7.76
Logged GDP per capita 10.64
Social support 0.95
Healthy life expectancy 71.9
Freedom to make life choices 0.95
Generosity -0.06
Perceptions of corruption 0.2
Ladder score in Dystopia 1.97
Explained by: Log GDP per capita 1.29
Explained by: Social support 1.5
Explained by: Healthy life expectancy 0.96
Explained by: Freedom to make life choices 0.66
Explained by: Generosity 0.16
Explained by: Perceptions of corruption 0.48
Dystopia + residual 2.76
Name: 0, dtype: object

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In [8]: # Display DataFrame info
print(df.info())

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 153 entries, 0 to 152
Data columns (total 20 columns):
# Column Non-Null Count Dtype
---
0 Country name 153 non-null object
1 Regional indicator 153 non-null object
2 Ladder score 153 non-null float64
3 Standard error of ladder score 153 non-null float64
4 upperwhisker 153 non-null float64
5 lowerwhisker 153 non-null float64
6 Logged GDP per capita 153 non-null float64
7 Social support 153 non-null float64
8 Healthy life expectancy 153 non-null float64
9 Freedom to make life choices 153 non-null float64
10 Generosity 153 non-null float64
11 Perceptions of corruption 153 non-null float64
12 Ladder score in Dystopia 153 non-null float64
13 Explained by: Log GDP per capita 153 non-null float64
14 Explained by: Social support 153 non-null float64
15 Explained by: Healthy life expectancy 153 non-null float64
16 Explained by: Freedom to make life choices 153 non-null float64
17 Explained by: Generosity 153 non-null float64
18 Explained by: Perceptions of corruption 153 non-null float64
19 Dystopia + residual 153 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(18), object(2)
memory usage: 24.0+ KB
None

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In [9]: # Print the first country name and its regional indicator
print(df["Country name"][0])
print(df["Regional indicator"][0])

Finland
Western Europe

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In [10]: # Display frequency of entries for each country
print(df["Country name"].value_counts().sort_values(ascending=False))

Country name
Finland 1
Australia 1
United States 1
Switzerland 1
Iceland 1
...
Central African Republic 1
Rwanda 1
Zimbabwe 1
South Sudan 1
Afghanistan 1
Name: count, dtype: int64

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In [11]: # Display frequency of each regional indicator
print(df["Regional indicator"].value_counts())

Regional indicator
Sub-Saharan Africa 39
Western Europe 21
Latin America and Caribbean 21
Middle East and North Africa 17
Central and Eastern Europe 17
Commonwealth of Independent States 12
Southeast Asia 9
South Asia 7
East Asia 6
North America and ANZ 4
Name: count, dtype: int64

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In [12]: # Number of regions in the dataset
print("The number of regions in our dataset is: {}".format(df["Regional indicator"].nunique()))

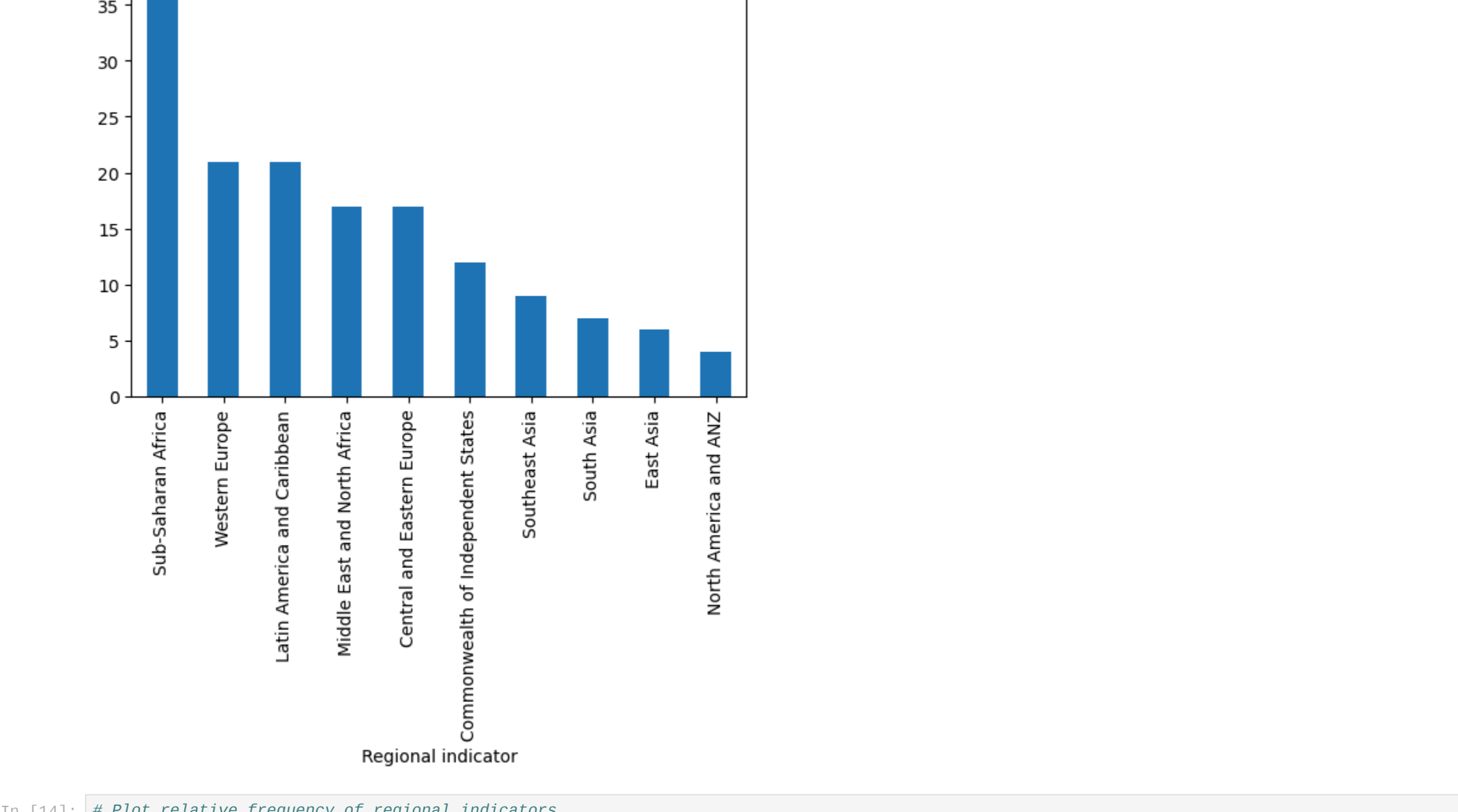
The number of regions in our dataset is: 10

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In [13]: # Plot absolute frequency distribution of regional indicators
df["Regional indicator"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar", title="Absolute frequency distribution of Regional indicator")
plt.show()

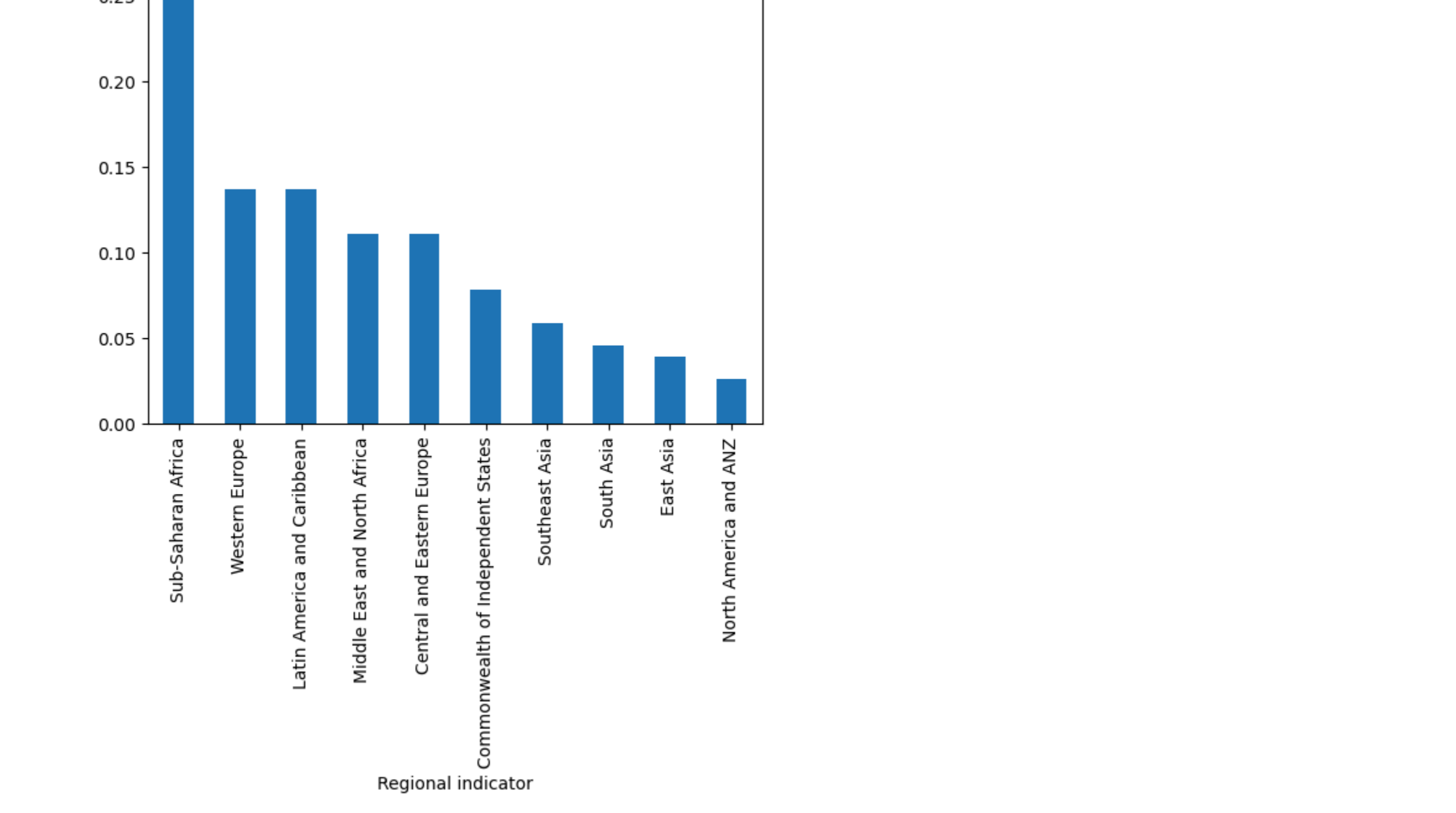
```



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In [14]: # Plot relative frequency of regional indicators
df["Regional indicator"].value_counts().plot(kind="bar", title="Relative frequency of Regional indicators")
plt.show()

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In [15]: # Descriptive statistics
print(df.describe())

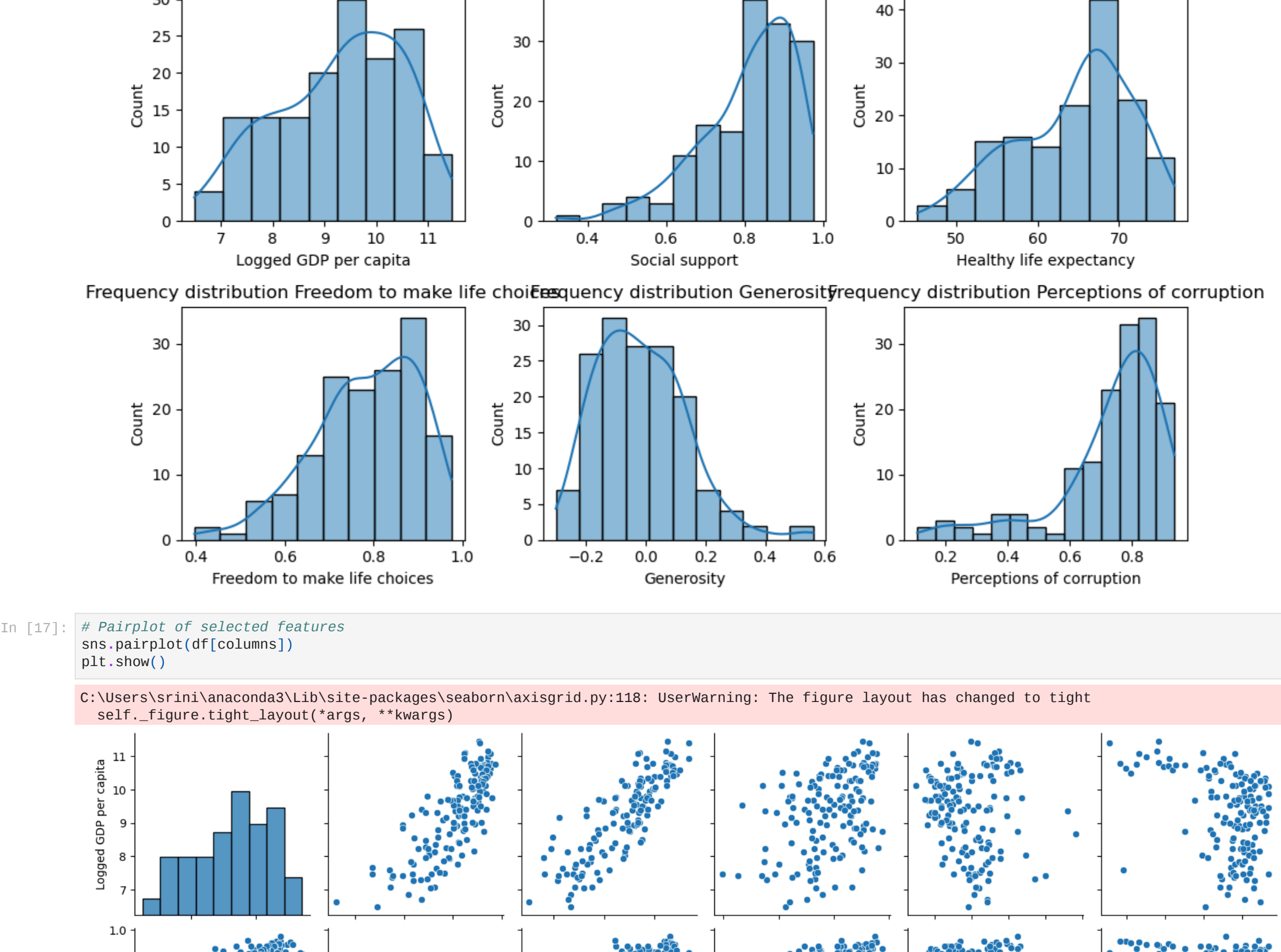
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	Ladder score	Standard error of ladder score	upperwhisker	lowerwhisker	Logged GDP per capita	Social support	Healthy life expectancy	Freedom to make life choices	Generosity	Perceptions of corruption	Ladder score in Dystopia	Explained by: Log GDP per capita	Explained by: Social support	Explained by: Healthy life expectancy	Explained by: Freedom to make life choices	Explained by: Generosity	Explained by: Perceptions of corruption	Dystopia + residual
count	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00	153.00
mean	5.47	0.05	5.58	5.37	9.30	0.81	64.45	0.78	-0.02	0.73	1.53e+02	0.87	1.16	0.46	0.14	0.16	0.12	0.19
std	1.11	0.02	1.10	1.13	1.29	0.12	6.31	0.12	0.30	0.18	1.54e+15	0.17	0.12	0.15	0.15	0.12	0.15	0.15
min	2.57	0.03	2.63	2.51	6.49	0.32	45.20	0.40	-0.30	0.11	1.97e+00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
25%	4.72	0.04	4.83	4.60	8.35	0.74	58.96	0.71	-0.13	0.68	1.97e+00	0.58	0.99	0.25	0.05	0.06	0.12	0.18
50%	5.43	0.05	5.61	5.43	9.92	0.83	66.31	0.80	-0.03	0.78	1.97e+00	0.92	1.20	0.48	0.18	0.58	0.26	0.25
75%	6.23	0.05	6.36	6.14	10.27	0.91	69.29	0.88	0.09	0.84	1.97e+00	1.17	1.39	0.74	0.22	0.58	0.36	0.37
max	7.81	0.12	7.87	7.75	11.45	0.97	76.80	0.97	0.56	0.94	1.97e+00	1.54	1.55	0.87	0.22	0.69	0.41	0.39

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In [16]: # Plot frequency distribution of selected features
columns = ['Logged GDP per capita', 'Social support', 'Healthy life expectancy', 'Freedom to make life choices', 'Generosity', 'Perceptions of corruption']
sns.histplot(df[columns], kde=True, ax=axes(ax_row, ax_col))
fig, axes = plt.subplots(srows, scol, figsize=(10, 6))
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

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In [17]: # Pairplot of selected features
sns.pairplot(df[columns])
plt.show()

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In [18]: # Pairplot of selected features colored by regional indicator
sns.pairplot(df[columns + ["Regional indicator"]], hue="Regional indicator", palette="paired")
plt.show()

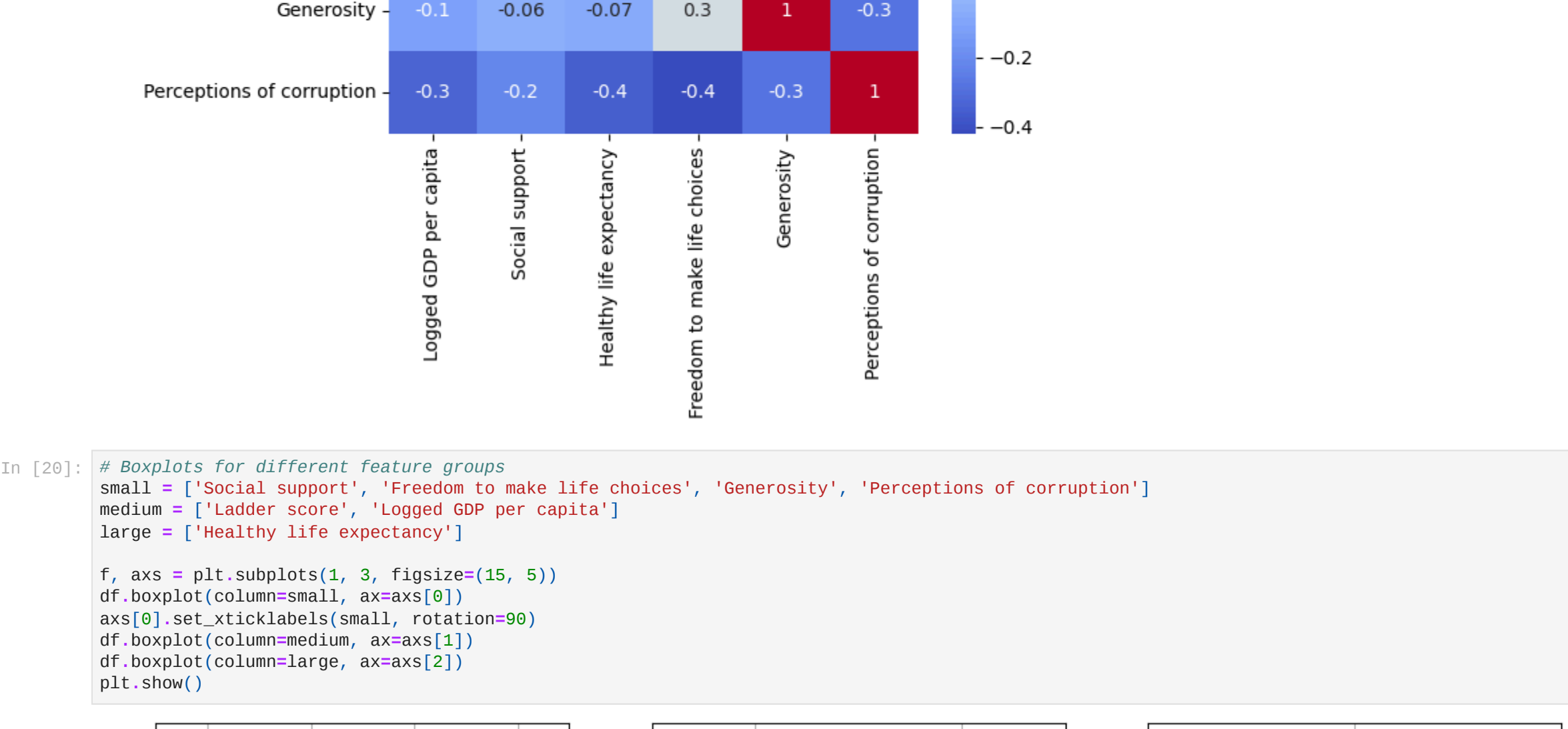
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In [19]: # Heatmap of correlation between features
sns.heatmap(df[columns].corr(), annot=True, fmt=".2g", cmap="coolwarm")
plt.show()

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In [20]: # Boxplots for different feature groups
small = ['Social support', 'Freedom to make life choices', 'Generosity', 'Perceptions of corruption']
medium = ['Ladder score', 'Logged GDP per capita']
large = ['Healthy life expectancy']
f, axes = plt.subplots(1, 3, figsize=(15, 5))
df.boxplot(column=small, ax=axes[0])
axes[0].set_xticklabels(small, rotation=90)
df.boxplot(column=medium, ax=axes[1])
df.boxplot(column=large, ax=axes[2])
plt.show()

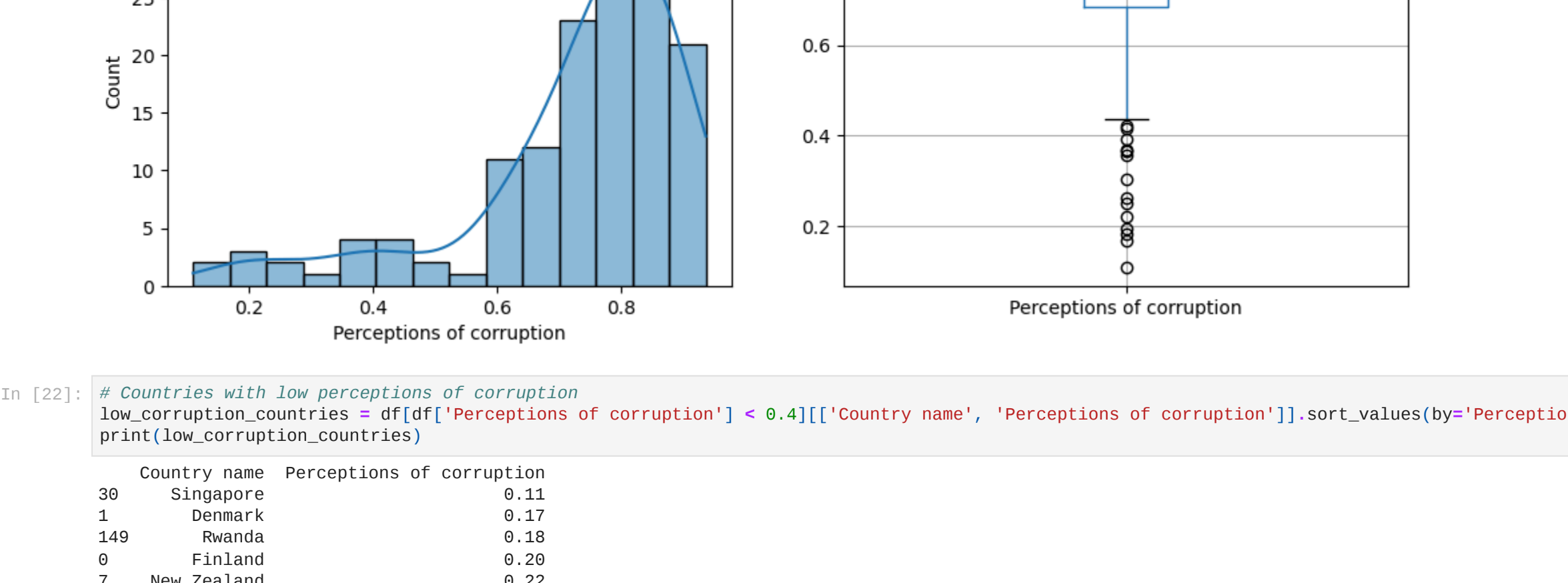
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In [21]: # Distribution plot and boxplot for 'Perceptions of corruption'
f, axes = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(12, 4))
sns.histplot(df["Perceptions of corruption"], kde=True, ax=axes[0])
df.boxplot(column="Perceptions of corruption", ax=axes[1])
plt.show()

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In [22]: # Countries with low perceptions of corruption
low_corruption_countries = df[df["Perceptions of corruption"] < 0.4][["Country name", "Perceptions of corruption"]]
print(low_corruption_countries)

```

Country name	Perceptions of corruption
0 Singapore	0.11
1 Denmark	0.17
149 Rwanda	0.18
0 Finland	0.20
7 New Zealand	0.22
6 Sweden	0.25
4 Norway	0.26
2 Switzerland	0.30
15 Ireland	0.36
5 Netherlands	0.36
0 Luxembourg	0.37
10 Canada	0.39