

```

import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

import os
# We are reading our data
df = pd.read_csv("C:\Users\KNOT\Desktop\Assignments\heart_disease_uci.csv")
# First 5 rows of our data
df.head()

df.target.value_counts()

sns.countplot(x="target", data=df, palette="bwr")
plt.show()

countNoDisease = len(df[df.target == 0])
countHaveDisease = len(df[df.target == 1])
print("Percentage of Patients Haven't Heart Disease: {:.2f}%".format((countNoDisease / (len(df.target))*100)))
print("Percentage of Patients Have Heart Disease: {:.2f}%".format((countHaveDisease / (len(df.target))*100)))

Percentage of Patients Haven't Heart Disease: 45.54%
Percentage of Patients Have Heart Disease: 54.46%

sns.countplot(x='sex', data=df, palette="mako_r")
plt.xlabel("Sex (0 = female, 1 = male)")
plt.show()

countFemale = len(df[df.sex == 0])
countMale = len(df[df.sex == 1])
print("Percentage of Female Patients: {:.2f}%".format((countFemale / (len(df.sex))*100)))
print("Percentage of Male Patients: {:.2f}%".format((countMale / (len(df.sex))*100)))

Percentage of Female Patients: 31.68%
Percentage of Male Patients: 68.32%

df.groupby('target').mean()

pd.crosstab(df.age,df.target).plot(kind="bar",figsize=(20,6))
plt.title('Heart Disease Frequency for Ages')
plt.xlabel('Age')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
plt.savefig('heartDiseaseAndAges.png')
plt.show()

pd.crosstab(df.sex,df.target).plot(kind="bar",figsize=(15,6),color=['#1CA53B','#AA1111' ])
plt.title('Heart Disease Frequency for Sex')
plt.xlabel('Sex (0 = Female, 1 = Male)')
plt.xticks(rotation=0)
plt.legend(["Haven't Disease", "Have Disease"])
plt.ylabel('Frequency')

```

```
plt.show()
```

```
plt.scatter(x=df.age[df.target==1], y=df.thalach[(df.target==1)], c="red")  
plt.scatter(x=df.age[df.target==0], y=df.thalach[(df.target==0)])  
plt.legend(["Disease", "Not Disease"])  
plt.xlabel("Age")  
plt.ylabel("Maximum Heart Rate")  
plt.show()
```

```
pd.crosstab(df.slope,df.target).plot(kind="bar",figsize=(15,6),color=['#DAF7A6','#FF5733' ] )  
plt.title('Heart Disease Frequency for Slope')  
plt.xlabel('The Slope of The Peak Exercise ST Segment ' )  
plt.xticks(rotation = 0)  
plt.ylabel('Frequency')  
plt.show()
```

```
pd.crosstab(df.fbs,df.target).plot(kind="bar",figsize=(15,6),color=['#FFC300','#581845' ] )  
plt.title('Heart Disease Frequency According To FBS')  
plt.xlabel('FBS - (Fasting Blood Sugar > 120 mg/dl) (1 = true; 0 = false)')  
plt.xticks(rotation = 0)  
plt.legend(["Haven't Disease", "Have Disease"])  
plt.ylabel('Frequency of Disease or Not')  
plt.show()
```

```
pd.crosstab(df.cp,df.target).plot(kind="bar",figsize=(15,6),color=['#11A5AA','#AA1190' ] )  
plt.title('Heart Disease Frequency According To Chest Pain Type')  
plt.xlabel('Chest Pain Type')  
plt.xticks(rotation = 0)  
plt.ylabel('Frequency of Disease or Not')  
plt.show()
```

#Creating Dummy Variables

#Since 'cp', 'thal' and 'slope' are categorical variables we'll turn them into dummy variables.

```
a = pd.get_dummies(df['cp'], prefix = "cp")  
b = pd.get_dummies(df['thal'], prefix = "thal")  
c = pd.get_dummies(df['slope'], prefix = "slope")
```

```
frames = [df, a, b, c]  
df = pd.concat(frames, axis = 1)  
df.head()
```

```
df = df.drop(columns = ['cp', 'thal', 'slope'])  
df.head()
```

#Creating Model for Logistic Regression

use sklearn library or we can write functions ourselves. Let's them both. Firstly we will write our functions after th at we'll use sklearn library to calculate score.

```
y = df.target.values  
x_data = df.drop(['target'], axis = 1)
```

Normalize

```
x = (x_data - np.min(x_data)) / (np.max(x_data) - np.min(x_data)).values
```

```
#We will split our data. 80% of our data will be train data and 20% of it will be test data.
```

```
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size = 0.2,random_state=0)
```

```
#transpose matrices
```

```
x_train = x_train.T
```

```
y_train = y_train.T
```

```
x_test = x_test.T
```

```
y_test = y_test.T
```

```
Let's say weight = 0.01 and bias = 0.0
```

```
#initialize
```

```
def initialize(dimension):
```

```
    weight = np.full((dimension,1),0.01)
```

```
    bias = 0.0
```

```
    return weight,bias
```

```
def sigmoid(z):
```

```
    y_head = 1/(1+ np.exp(-z))
```

```
    return y_head
```

```
def forwardBackward(weight,bias,x_train,y_train):
```

```
    # Forward
```

```
    y_head = sigmoid(np.dot(weight.T,x_train) + bias)
```

```
    loss = -(y_train*np.log(y_head) + (1-y_train)*np.log(1-y_head))
```

```
    cost = np.sum(loss) / x_train.shape[1]
```

```
    # Backward
```

```
    derivative_weight = np.dot(x_train,((y_head-y_train).T))/x_train.shape[1]
```

```
    derivative_bias = np.sum(y_head-y_train)/x_train.shape[1]
```

```
    gradients = {"Derivative Weight" : derivative_weight, "Derivative Bias" : derivative_bias}
```

```
    return cost,gradients
```

```
def update(weight,bias,x_train,y_train,learningRate,iteration) :
```

```
    costList = []
```

```
    index = []
```

```
    #for each iteration, update weight and bias values
```

```
    for i in range(iteration):
```

```
        cost,gradients = forwardBackward(weight,bias,x_train,y_train)
```

```
        weight = weight - learningRate * gradients["Derivative Weight"]
```

```
        bias = bias - learningRate * gradients["Derivative Bias"]
```

```
        costList.append(cost)
```

```
        index.append(i)
```

```
parameters = {"weight": weight,"bias": bias}
```

```
print("iteration:",iteration)
```

```

print("cost:",cost)

plt.plot(index,costList)
plt.xlabel("Number of Iteration")
plt.ylabel("Cost")
plt.show()

return parameters, gradients

def predict(weight,bias,x_test)
z = np.dot(weight.T,x_test) + bias
y_head = sigmoid(z)

y_prediction = np.zeros((1,x_test.shape[1]))

for i in range(y_head.shape[1]):
    if y_head[0,i] <= 0.5:
        y_prediction[0,i] = 0
    else:
        y_prediction[0,i] = 1
return y_prediction

def logistic_regression(x_train,y_train,x_test,y_test,learningRate,iteration):
    dimension = x_train.shape[0]
    weight,bias = initialize(dimension)

    parameters, gradients = update(weight,bias,x_train,y_train,learningRate,iteration)

    y_prediction = predict(parameters["weight"],parameters["bias"],x_test)

    print("Manual Test Accuracy: {:.2f}%".format((100 - np.mean(np.abs(y_prediction - y_test))*100)))

logistic_regression(x_train,y_train,x_test,y_test,1,100)

#Sklearn Logistic Regression

accuracies = {}

lr = LogisticRegression()
lr.fit(x_train.T,y_train.T)
acc = lr.score(x_test.T,y_test.T)*100

accuracies['Logistic Regression'] = acc
print("Test Accuracy {:.2f}%".format(acc))

# KNN Model
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 2) # n_neighbors means k
knn.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)
prediction = knn.predict(x_test.T)

print("{} NN Score: {:.2f}%".format(2, knn.score(x_test.T, y_test.T)*100))

# try ro find best k value

```

```

scoreList = []
for i in range(1,20):
    knn2 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = i) # n_neighbors means k
    knn2.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)
    scoreList.append(knn2.score(x_test.T, y_test.T))

```

```

plt.plot(range(1,20), scoreList)
plt.xticks(np.arange(1,20,1))
plt.xlabel("K value")
plt.ylabel("Score")
plt.show()

```

```

acc = max(scoreList)*100
accuracies['KNN'] = acc
print("Maximum KNN Score is {:.2f}%".format(acc))

```

```

from sklearn.svm import SVC

```

```

svm = SVC(random_state = 1)
svm.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)

```

```

acc = svm.score(x_test.T,y_test.T)*100
accuracies['SVM'] = acc
print("Test Accuracy of SVM Algorithm: {:.2f}%".format(acc))
Test Accuracy of SVM Algorithm: 86.89%

```

```

#Naive Bayes Algorithm¶

```

```

from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
nb = GaussianNB()
nb.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)

```

```

acc = nb.score(x_test.T,y_test.T)*100
accuracies['Naive Bayes'] = acc
print("Accuracy of Naive Bayes: {:.2f}%".format(acc))

```

```

#Decision Tree Algorithm

```

```

from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
dtc = DecisionTreeClassifier()
dtc.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)

```

```

acc = dtc.score(x_test.T, y_test.T)*100
accuracies['Decision Tree'] = acc
print("Decision Tree Test Accuracy {:.2f}%".format(acc))

```

```

Random Forest Classification

```

```

# Random Forest Classification

```

```

from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
rf = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators = 1000, random_state = 1)
rf.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)

```

```

acc = rf.score(x_test.T,y_test.T)*100
accuracies['Random Forest'] = acc
print("Random Forest Algorithm Accuracy Score : {:.2f}%".format(acc))

```

Comparing Models

```
colors = ["purple", "green", "orange", "magenta", "#CFC60E", "#0FBBAE"]
```

```
sns.set_style("whitegrid")
plt.figure(figsize=(16,5))
plt.yticks(np.arange(0,100,10))
plt.ylabel("Accuracy %")
plt.xlabel("Algorithms")
sns.barplot(x=list(accuracies.keys()), y=list(accuracies.values()), palette=colors)
plt.show()
```

Confusion Matrix

```
# Predicted values
```

```
y_head_lr = lr.predict(x_test.T)
knn3 = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors = 3)
knn3.fit(x_train.T, y_train.T)
y_head_knn = knn3.predict(x_test.T)
y_head_svm = svm.predict(x_test.T)
y_head_nb = nb.predict(x_test.T)
y_head_dtc = dtc.predict(x_test.T)
y_head_rf = rf.predict(x_test.T)
```

```
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
```

```
cm_lr = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_head_lr)
cm_knn = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_head_knn)
cm_svm = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_head_svm)
cm_nb = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_head_nb)
cm_dtc = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_head_dtc)
cm_rf = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_head_rf)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(24,12))
```

```
plt.suptitle("Confusion Matrixes",fontsize=24)
plt.subplots_adjust(wspace = 0.4, hspace= 0.4)
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,1)
plt.title("Logistic Regression Confusion Matrix")
sns.heatmap(cm_lr,annot=True,cmap="Blues",fmt="d",cbar=False, annot_kws={"size": 24})
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,2)
plt.title("K Nearest Neighbors Confusion Matrix")
sns.heatmap(cm_knn,annot=True,cmap="Blues",fmt="d",cbar=False, annot_kws={"size": 24})
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,3)
plt.title("Support Vector Machine Confusion Matrix")
sns.heatmap(cm_svm,annot=True,cmap="Blues",fmt="d",cbar=False, annot_kws={"size": 24})
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,4)
plt.title("Naive Bayes Confusion Matrix")
sns.heatmap(cm_nb,annot=True,cmap="Blues",fmt="d",cbar=False, annot_kws={"size": 24})
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,5)
plt.title("Decision Tree Classifier Confusion Matrix")
sns.heatmap(cm_dtc,annot=True,cmap="Blues",fmt="d",cbar=False, annot_kws={"size": 24})
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,6)
plt.title("Random Forest Confusion Matrix")
sns.heatmap(cm_rf,annot=True,cmap="Blues",fmt="d",cbar=False, annot_kws={"size": 24})

plt.show()
```